

# Acoustic Detailing for Framed Buildings

Data Sheet 15
November 2017

Uniclass L3221 :A4 EPIC F611 :X221 CI/SfB Ff2 (Ajv)

# Introduction

This data sheet covers the basic principles required to provide satisfactory acoustic junctions and basic acoustic design to realise the full potential of the construction.

Manufacturers provide acoustic data on their blocks primarily based upon laboratory test values (Rw - A single-number value which characterizes the airborne sound insulation measured in a laboratory).

Most specifications require a  $D_{nT,w}$  value to be met (a single-number which characterizes the actual airborne sound insulation between rooms).

As a general rule of thumb, a  $D_{nT,w}$  value would be expected to be 5 to 8dB lower than the equivalent Rw value, due to adverse flanking conditions and workmanship on site.

 $C_{\rm tr}$  is a correction value added to the  $D_{\rm nT,w}$  value for dwellings and some other applications to place greater importance on the lower frequency values.

# **Good Design**

In general the aim is to provide an airtight structure with either adequate mass to prevent the passage of sound or isolation of the structure, to prevent the passage of vibration / noise. Wherever possible a direct sound path should be avoided.

# Stagger the doors of apartments opening on to the same hall

so they are not opposite one another. Sound travels best in straight lines. Everytime it changes direction, some of it is absorbed and some diffused.

Use halls to isolate apartments. Two walls with an air space between them cut sound transmission about 50% more than a single wall twice as heavy as either of the two walls.

# Place windows as far away from separating walls as is possible.

The closer windows are to each other on either side of a separating wall, the more sound will pass from one apartment to the other.

Simply separating windows will stop much of this sound.

This guidance applies equally to the spacing of doors in corridors.

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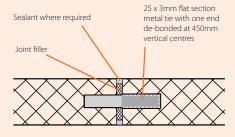
# **Aggregate Concrete Blocks**



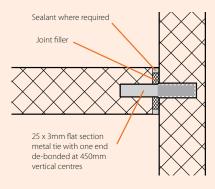
# Acoustic Detailing for Framed Buildings

# **Junction Details - Movement Control**

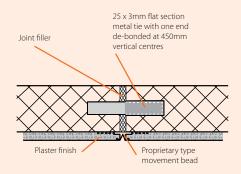
## Movement joint to internal wall



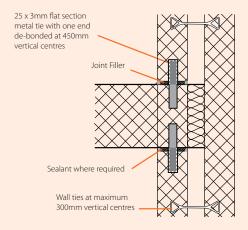
#### Movement joint at an intersecting wall



# Proprietary profile for forming joint through wet finish

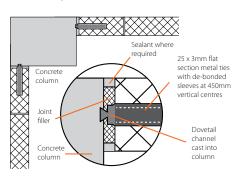


# Movement joint at external wall junction to separating wall

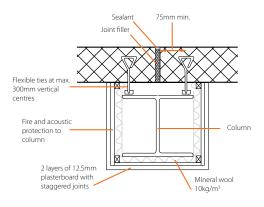


# **Junction Details - Junctions at Columns**

## Movement joint at concrete column



# $Movement\ joint\ to\ blockwork\ at\ internal\ steel\ column$



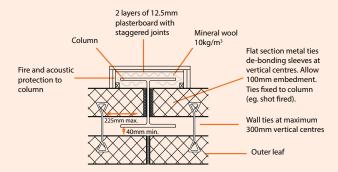
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# **Aggregate Concrete Blocks**

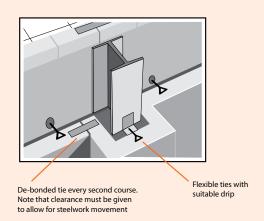


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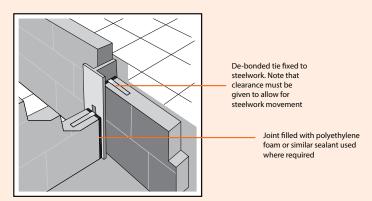
# Movement joint to blockwork at steel column in cavity wall



# Movement joint to blockwork at steel frame - blockwork encasing column

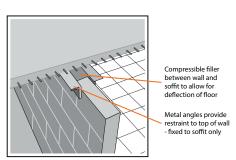


# Internal blockwork butting steel frame

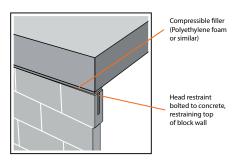


#### **Head Restraint**

# Metal angle



## Straps in perpend joints



# **Aggregate Concrete Blocks**



# Acoustic Detailing for Framed Buildings

Indicative Values (Rw) – 215mm Dense block wall plastered both sides.

No Joint in wall	58dB
Unfilled movement joints	16dB
Mineral wool filler to movement joint	34dB
15 x 15mm polyethylene foam and sealant one side	52dB
15 x 15mm polyethylene foam and sealant both sides	57dB

As can be seen, provided the joint is fully filled with a compressible filler and sealed on both sides, a movement joint need not have a detrimental effect upon the acoustic quality of a masonry wall.

	Airborne sound insulation min. values $D_{nT,w} + C_{tr} dB$	Impact sound insulation max. values L <sub>nT,w</sub> dB
Purpose built dwelling houses and flats		
Walls	45	-
Floors and stairs	45	62
Owelling houses and flats formed by a material cha	ange of use	
Valls	43	-
Stairs	43	64
Rooms for residential purposes - performance stan	dards for separating walls, floors and stairs that have a separating fundamental formulation min. values	Impact sound insulation
	$D_{nT,w} + C_{tr} dB$	max. values L <sub>nT,w</sub> dB
Purpose built rooms for residential purposes		
Purpose built rooms for residential purposes Walls	43	-
	43 45	- 62
Walls	45	- 62
Walls Floors and stairs	45	- 62 -

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